Boiler and Furnace Efficiency Improvement with Low-Cost CO Sensor and Burner Control System

ITP 2004

Materials, Glass and Sensors Project Review Meeting

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Washington, DC





Efficiency Improvement with Low Cost CO Sensor

Goal: Develop low cost O₂ trim control using in-situ CO sensor.

Challenge: CO concentrations low and variable with interference and contamination; optimum O₂ trim depends on capacity, transients, hardware hysteresis

Benefits: Excess air reduction for OIT boilers and furnaces; efficiency improvements saving 67 trillion Btu/yr in 2020.

FY05 Activities: Concept screening and bench-scale testing.

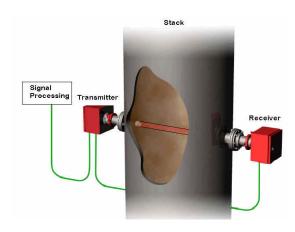


Figure 2

Participants: TIAX LLC, Coen Company

Efficiency Improvement with Low-Cost CO Sensor

Barriers



- CO/O₂ sensors expensive and/or unreliable
- Optimum, safe positioner setting requires CO feedback and I/O history

Pathways



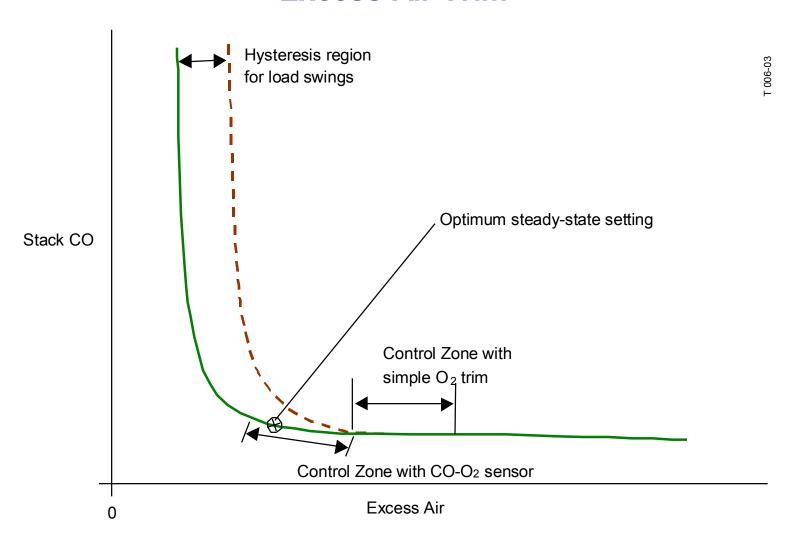
- Develop robust in-situ
 CO sensor for IOF
 applications
- Site specific neural network learned control response

Critical Metrics

- 0.3 to 0.7 percent efficiency improvement
- <\$10,000 capital cost

Benefits	2020	
Energy Savings	67 trillion Btu/yr	
NO _x Reduction	850 TPY	
Cost Savings	\$435 M/yr	

Excess Air Trim



EA Trim Margins

Boiler Capacity Ib/hr	EA Range	Minimum EA	Reduction %	Efficiency Benefit %
25	20-25	15	5-10	0.5
50	15-25	10	5-15	0.75
100	15-20	7	7-13	0.75
200	10-15	7	3-8	0.3
400	10-15	7	3-8	0.3

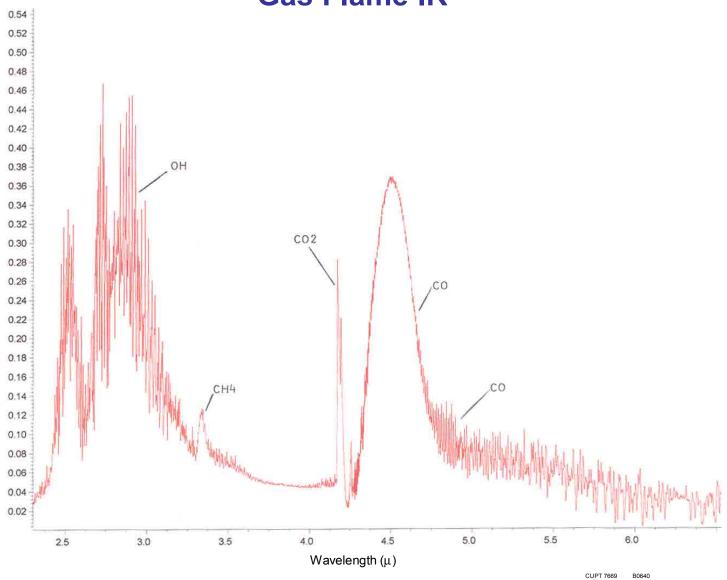
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Benefits

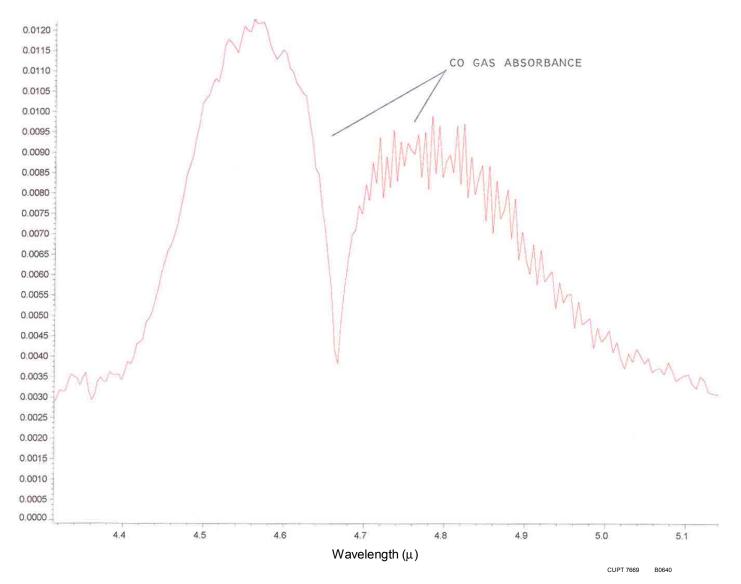
Industry	1998 Energy, TBtu/yr	Energy Savings in 2002, TBtu	NO _x Increment Klb/yr
Aluminum	184	1.2	283
Castings	440	3.1	721
Chemicals	2,400	19.4	4,608
Forest prod/paper	659	5.6	1,508
Glass	157	0.6	139
Petroleum	2,252	13.7	3,224
Steel	851	7.3	1,732
Other	2,718	16.1	4,765
Total	9,671	67	16,980

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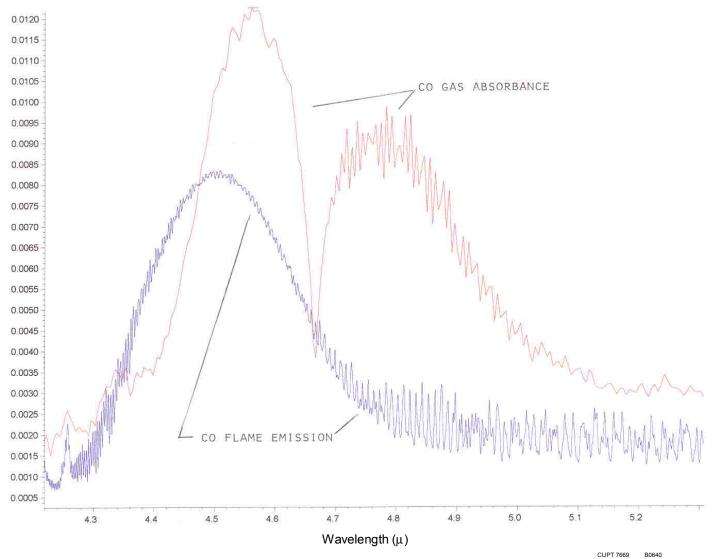




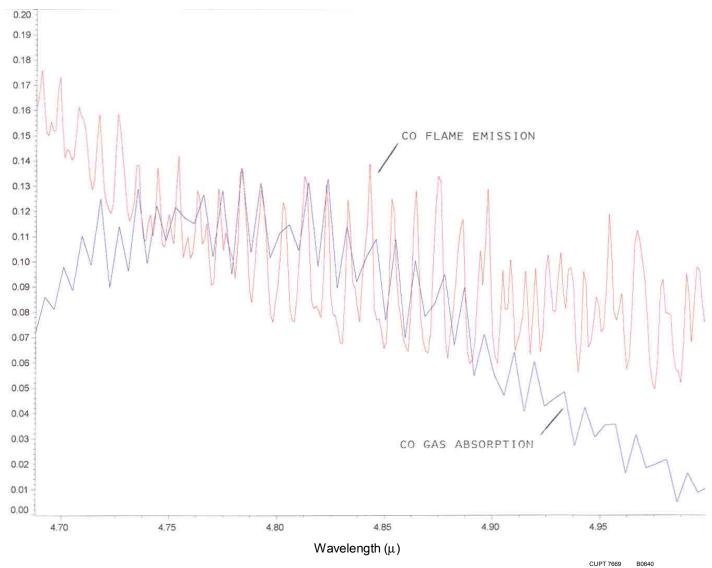
CO Absorbance



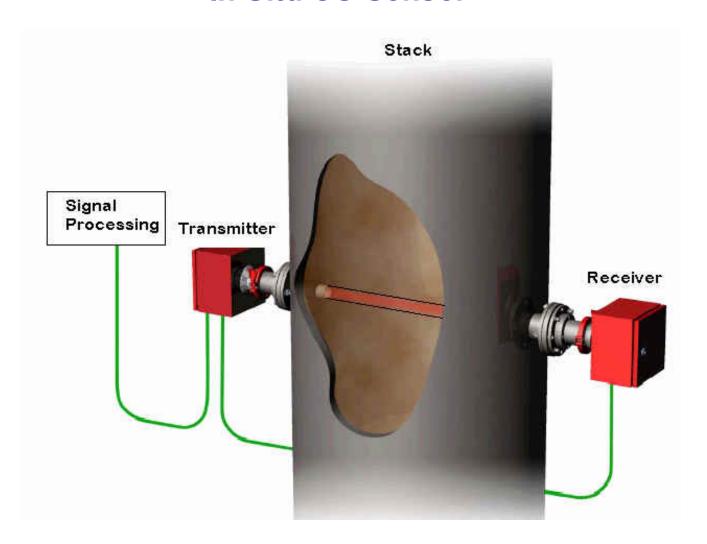
CO Emission and Absorbance



CO Emission and Absorbance



In-Situ CO Sensor

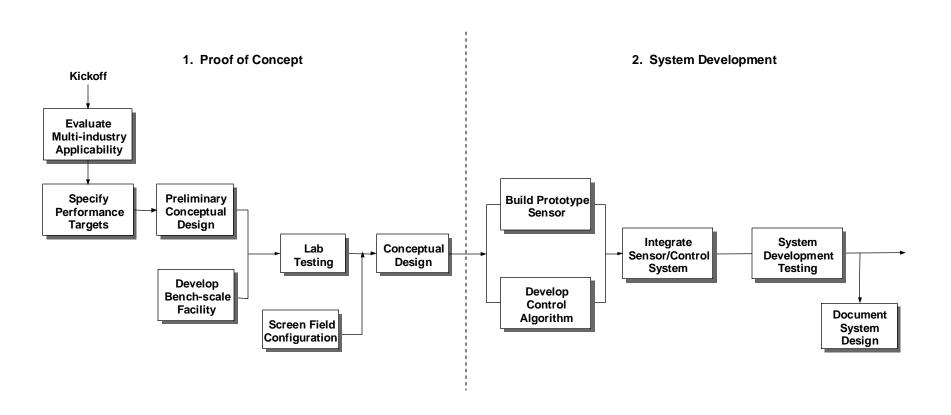


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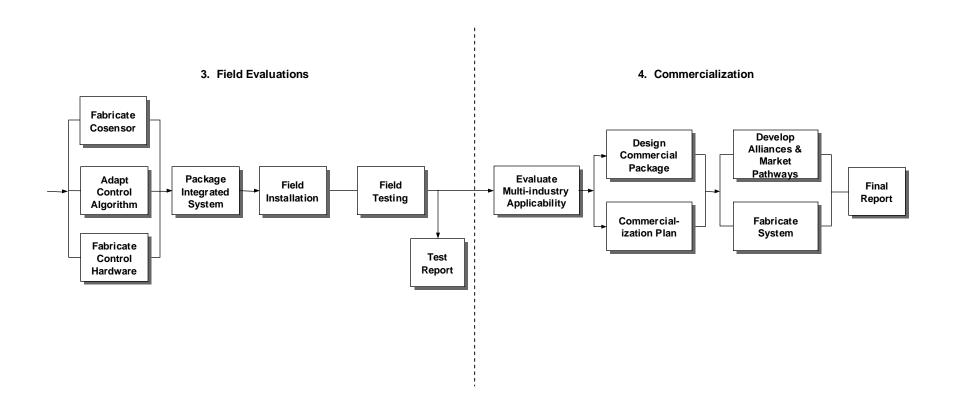
Control System

- Neural network overlay to BMS
 - O₂-CO response
- Trim to optimum CO-O₂ knee
 - Monitor CO-O₂ derivatives
 - Stored dead time response over capacity range
 - Emissions
 - Positioner
 - Transients and hysteresis
 - Learned response: adapt to drift

Technical Approach



Technical Approach



Commercialization

- Coen manufacture and market
- Direct sales via Rep Network
- New equipment sales via OEMs
- Alliances with control system vendors
- Alliances with field engineers

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Schedule

